





T536LiXP

EN Operator's manual

2-31

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Introduction

Product description

Husqvarna T536LiXP is a chainsaw model with a battery motor.

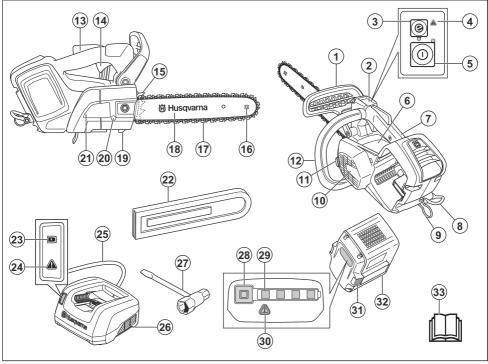
Work is constantly in progress to increase your safety and efficiency during operation. Speak to your servicing dealer for more information.

Intended use

This tree service product is for tree maintenance such as pruning and disassemble of tree crowns.

Note: National regulations can restrict the operation of the product.

Product overview



- 1. Front hand guard
- 2. Keypad
- 3. SavE button
- 4. Warning indicator

- 5. Start and stop button
- 6. Information and warning decal
- 7. Top handle
- 8. Belt eyelet

- 9. Rope eyelet
- 10. Fan housing
- 11. Chain oil tank
- 12. Front handle
- 13. Power trigger lockout
- 14. Power trigger
- 15. Spiked bumper
- 16. Bar tip sprocket
- 17. Saw chain
- 18. Guide bar
- 19. Chain catcher
- 20. Chain tensioning screw
- 21. Drive sprocket cover
- 22. Guide bar cover
- 23. Charging LED
- 24. Warning indicator
- 25. Power cord
- 26. Battery charger
- 27. Combination wrench
- 28. Button, battery status
- 29. Battery status
- 30. Warning indicator
- 31. Battery release button
- 32. Battery
- 33. Operator's manual

Symbols on the product



Risk of serious injury or death to the operator or others. Be careful and use the product correctly.



Read the operator's manual carefully and understand the instructions before operation of the product.



Wear approved protective helmet, hearing and eye protection.



This product agrees with applicable EC Directives.



Noise emission to the environment agrees with applicable EC Directives. See emission specification *Technical data on page 28* and on the label.



Use approved protection for feet, legs, hands and arms.



Warning! Kickback can occur when the guide bar tip touches an object. This causes the guide bar to be thrown in the direction of the operator. Risk of serious injury or death.



The direction in which the saw chain rotates and maximum length of the guide bar.



Chain brake, engaged (right). Chain brake, disengaged (left).



Chain oil fill.

Direct current.



Environmental mark. The product or package of the product is not domestic waste. Recycle it at a recycling station for electrical and electronic equipment.



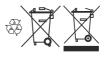
yyywwxxxxx

This saw should only be used by persons who are specially trained in tree maintenance work. See operator's manual!

The rating plate shows serial number. **yyyy** is the production year, **ww** is the production week.

Note: Other symbols/decals on the product refer to certification requirements for certain markets.

Symbols on the battery and/or on the battery charger



Recycle this product at a recycling station for electrical and electronic equipment. (Applies to Europe only)



Fail-safe transformer.

Use and keep the battery charger indoors only.



Double insulation.

Safety

Safety definitions

The definitions below give the level of severity for each signal word.



WARNING: Injury to persons.



CAUTION: Damage to the product.

Note: This information makes the product easier to use.

General power tool safety warnings



WARNING: Read all safety warnings and all instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

Note: Save all warnings and instructions for future reference. The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

Work area safety

- Keep work area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
- Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.

Electrical safety

- Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces, such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.

- Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
- Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
- If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected supply. Use of a GFCI reduces the risk of electric shock.

Personal safety

- Stay alert, monitor what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection. Protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the OFF-position before connecting to a power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energising power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.
- Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
- Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.
- The vibration emission during actual use of the power tool can differ from the declared total value

depending on the ways in which the tool is used. Operators should identify safety measures to protect themselves that are based on an estimation of exposure in the actual conditions of use (taking account of all parts of the operating cycle such as the times when the tool is switched off and when it is running idle in addition to the trigger).

Power tool use and care

- Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application. The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- Maintain power tools. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
- Keep cutting tools sharp and clean. Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
- Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.

Battery tool use and care

- Recharge only with the charger specified by the manufacturer. A charger that is suitable for one type of battery pack may create a risk of fire when used with another battery pack.
- Use power tools only with specifically designated battery packs. Use of any other battery packs may create a risk of injury and fire.
- When battery pack is not in use, keep it away from other metal objects, like paper clips, coins, keys, nails, screws or other small metal objects, that can make a connection from one terminal to another. Shorting the battery terminals together may cause burns or a fire.
- Under abusive conditions, liquid may be ejected from the battery; avoid contact. If contact accidentally

occurs, flush with water. If liquid contacts eyes, additionally seek medical help. Liquid ejected from the battery may cause irritations or burns.

Service

 Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

Chain saw safety warnings

- Keep all parts of the body away from the saw chain when the chain saw is operating. Before you start the chain saw, make sure the saw chain is not contacting anything. A moment of inattention while operating chain saws may cause entanglement of you clothing or body with the saw chain.
- Always hold the chain saw with your right hand on the rear handle and your left hand on the front handle. Holding the chain saw with a reversed hand configuration increases the risk of personal injury and should never be done.
- Hold the power tool by insulated gripping surface only, because the saw chain may contact hidden wiring or its own cord. Saw chain contacting a "live" wire may make exposed metal parts of the power tool " live" and could give the operator an electric shock.
- Wear safety glasses and hearing protection. Further protective equipment for head, hands, legs and feet is recommended. Adequate protective clothing will reduce personal injury by flying debris or accidental contact with the saw chain.
- Always keep proper footing and operate the chain saw only when standing on fixed, secure and level surface. Slippery or unstable surfaces such as ladders may cause a loss of balance or control of the chain saw.
- When cutting a limb that is under tension be alert for spring back. When the tension in the wood fibres is released the spring loaded limb may strike the operator and/or throw the chain saw out of control.
- Use extreme caution when cutting brush and saplings. The slender material may catch the saw chain and be whipped forward toward you or pull you off balance.
- Carry the chain saw by the front handle with the chain saw switched off and away from your body.
 When transporting or storing the chain saw always fit the guide bar cover. Proper handling of the chain saw will reduce the likelihood of accidental contact with the moving saw chain.
- Follow instruction for lubricating, chain tensioning and changing accessories. Improperly tensioned or lubricated saw chain may either brake or increase the chance of kickback.
- Keep handles dry, clean and free from oil and grease. Greasy, oily handles are slippery causing loss of control.

- Cut wood only. Do not use chain saw for purposes not intended. For example: do not use chain saw for cutting plastic, masonry or nonwood building materials. Use of the chain saw for operations different than intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- We strongly recommend that first time users practice sawing logs on a saw horse or cradle.

Causes and operator prevention of kickback

Kickback may occur when the nose or tip of the guide bar touches an object, or when the wood closes in and pinches the saw chain in the cut. Tip contact in some cases may cause a sudden reverse reaction, kicking the guide bar up and back towards the operator. Pinching the saw chain along the top of the guide bar may push the guide bar rapidly back towards the operator. Either of these reactions may cause you to lose control of the saw which could result in serious personal injury. Do not rely exclusively upon the safety devises built into your saw. As a chain saw user, you should take several steps to keep your cutting jobs free from accident or injury. Kickback is a result of tool misuse and/or incorrect operating procedures or conditions and can be avoided by taking proper precautions as given below:

- Maintain a firm grip, with thumbs and fingers encircling the chain saw handles, with both hands on the saw and position your body and arm to allow you to resist kickback forces. Kickback forces can be controlled by the operator, if proper precautions are taken. Do not let go of the chain saw.
- Do not overreach and do not cut above shoulder height. This helps prevent unintended tip contact and enables better control of the chain saw in unexpected situations.
- Only use replacement bars and chains specified by the manufacturer. Incorrect replacement bars and chains may cause chain breakage and/or kickback.
- Follow the manufacturer's sharpening and maintenance instructions for the saw chain.
 Decreasing the depth gauge height can lead to increased kickback.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

General safety instructions



WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you use the product.

- This product is a dangerous tool if you are not careful or if you use the product incorrectly. This product can cause serious injury or death to the operator or others. It is very important that you read and understand the contents of this operator's manual.
- Do not change the product without an approval from the manufacturer. Do not use a product that has been changed by others and always use original accessories. Changes that are not approved from

the manufacturer can result in serious injury or death to the operator or others.

- Long term inhalation of chain oil fumes and sawdust can cause health problems.
- This product produces an electromagnetic field during operation. This field may under some circumstances interfere with active or passive medical implants. To decrease the risk of serious injury or death, we recommend persons with medical implants to turn to their physician and the medical implant manufacturer before operating this product.

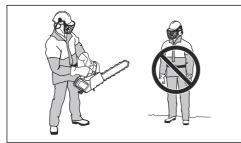
Safety instructions for operation



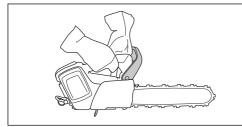
WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you use the product.

- The information in this operator's manual not an alternative to professional knowledge and experience. If you do not feel sure about how to operate this product, turn to a person with professional knowledge and experience.
- Turn to your servicing dealer or Husqvarna if you have questions about the operation of the product. We can give you information about how to operate your product correctly and safely. Go to a training class in chainsaw operation if possible. Your servicing dealer, forestry school or your library can give you information about training materials and classes that are available.
- This product has a increased risk of losing control. Only persons who have special training in cutting and working technique must operate this product in a tree. The operator must have safety equipment such as a lift, ropes and safety harness. Regular chainsaws are recommended for all work at ground level.
- Follow instructions on special cutting and working techniques to decrease the risk of injury. Do not do work in a tree unless you have professional training for such work. This training includes safe climbing techniques and work positions. You must learn how to use equipment such as harnesses, ropes, belts, climbing irons and carabiners.
- Do not cut with the kickback zone at the guide bar tip.
- Do not touch a rotating saw chain. It can cause serious injuries of death.
- Do not try to catch falling sections or make cuts if the operator is only attached with one rope. Always use two safety ropes.
- During felling operations, lift your hearing protection immediately when the sawing is complete. It is important that you hear sounds and warning signals.
- You must understand the effects of kickback and how to prevent them before you use this product. See What is kickback? on page 16 and Common questions about kickback on page 17 for instructions.

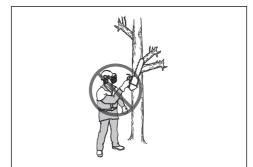
- Do not use a product, battery or battery charger that is defective.
- Do not use the product if you are tired or while under the influence of alcohol, drugs or medicine. Do not use the product if you are in a condition that can have a negative effect on your vision, alertness, coordination or judgment. The risk of being tired increases before the end of a work period.
- Do not start a product unless the guide bar, saw chain and all covers are assembled correctly. If not, the drive sprocket can come loose and cause serious injuries. See Assembly on page 12 for instructions.
- Make sure that there is no risk that persons or animals touch or influence on your control of the product.



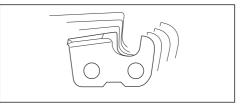
- If you are not careful, the risk of kickback increases. A kickback can occur if the kickback zone of the guide bar accidentally touches a branch, tree or other objects.
- Do not hold the product with one hand. This product is not safely controlled with one hand.
- Hold the product tightly with your right hand on the top handle and your left hand on the front handle. Put your fingers and thumbs around the handles. This decreases the effect of kickback and lets you keep control of the product. Do not let go of the handles!



 Make sure that you have stable feet and that the saw chain does not touch an object. • Do not use the product above shoulder height and try not to cut with the guide bar tip.



- Do not try pruning or limbing operations if you do not have special training.
- The vibration level increases if you cut with cutting equipment that is incorrect or not correctly sharpened. Cutting hardwoods, such as broadleaf trees, causes more vibration than cutting softwoods, such as conifers.



- Overexposure to vibration can lead to circulatory damage or nerve damage in persons who have decreased circulation. Speak to your physician if you experience symptoms of overexposure to vibration. Such symptoms include numbness, loss of feeling, tingling, pricking, pain, loss of strength, changes in skin colour or condition. These symptoms usually occur in the fingers, hands or wrists increases in cold temperatures.
- Prevent situations which you think is beyond your capability.
- It is not possible to include each possible situation you can face during operation. Always be careful and use your common sense.



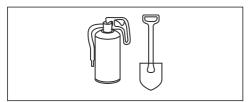
Personal protective equipment



WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you use the product.



- Most chainsaw accidents occur when the saw chain touches the operator. You must use approved personal protective equipment during operation.
 Personal protective equipment does not give you full protection from injuries but it decreases the degree of injury if an accident does occur. Turn to your servicing dealer for recommendations about which equipment to use.
- Use the correct protection for your arms. Your clothing must be close-fitting but not limit your movements. Regularly do a check of the condition of the personal protective equipment.
- · Use an approved protective helmet.
- Use approved hearing protection. Long-term exposure to noise can result in permanent damage to the hearing.
- Always use protective glasses or a face visor to decrease the risk of injury from thrown objects. The product can throw objects such as wood chips, small pieces of wood and more, at large force. This can result in serious injury, especially to the eyes.
- · Use gloves with saw protection.
- Use pants with saw protection.
- Use boots with saw protection, steel toe-cap and non-slip sole.
- · Always have a first aid kit with you.
- Sparks can come from the product. Have fire extinguishing tools and a shovel available to prevent forest fires.



Safety devices on the product



WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you use the product.

 Do not use a product with damaged safety components. The safety equipment must go through inspection and maintenance regularly. See Maintenance and checks of the safety devices on the product on page 19 for instructions. Turn to your servicing dealer for repair if an inspection of a safety device is not approved.

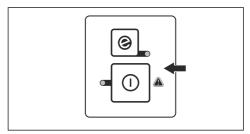


WARNING: Failure to do maintenance correctly can decrease the product life cycle and increase the risk of accidents. All servicing and/or repair work must also be done by a professional. Turn to your servicing dealer for more information.

Note: See *Product overview on page 2* to find where the safety devices are located on your product.

Keypad

The warning indicator flashes if the chain brake is engaged or if there is a risk of overload. The overload protection temporarily stops the product and you can not use the product until the temperature restores. If the indicator shows a solid light, turn to your servicing dealer.

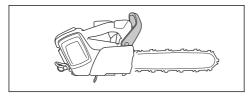


The automatic stop function

The product has an automatic stop function that stops the product if you do not use it for one minute.

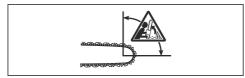
Chain brake and front hand guard

Your product has a chain brake that stops the saw chain if you get a kickback. The chain brake decreases the risk of accidents, but only you can prevent them.





WARNING: Do not engage in situations where there is a risk of kickback. Be careful when you use your product and make sure that the kickback zone of the guide bar does not touch an object.



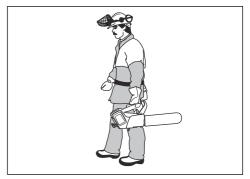
The chain brake engages manually by your left hand or automatically by the inertia release mechanism. Push the front hand guard forward to engage the chain brake manually. This movement starts a spring-loaded mechanism that stops the drive sprocket.



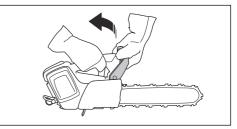
How the chain brake is engaged depends on the force of the kickback. It also depends on the position of the product when the kickback zone hits an object. If you get a intense kickback while the kickback zone is farthest away from you the chain brake engages by the inertia release. If the kickback is small or the kickback zone is nearer you the chain brake engages manually by your left hand.



Use the chain brake as a parking brake when you start the product and when you move short distances. This decreases the risk that you or a person near you get hit by the saw chain.

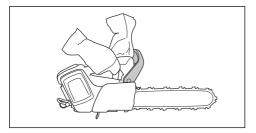


Pull the front hand guard rearward to disengage the chain brake.

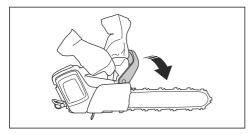


A kickback can be very sudden and intense. Most kickbacks are small and do not always engage the chain

brake. If a kickback occur when you use the product, hold tight around the handles and do not let go.



The front hand guard also decreases the risk to hit the saw chain if your hand lets go of the front handle.



In the felling position you can not engage the chain brake manually. The chain brake can in this position only be engaged by the inertia release mechanism.



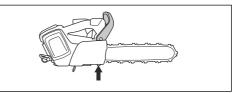
Power trigger lockout

The power trigger lockout prevents accidental operation of the power trigger. If you put your hand around the handle and press the power trigger lockout (A), it releases the power trigger (B). If you release the handle, the power trigger and the power trigger lockout move back to their initial positions.



Chain catcher

The chain catcher catches the saw chain if it breaks or comes loose. If you have the correct chain tension, the risk decreases. You also decrease the risk if you do the correct maintenance on the guide bar and saw chain. See *Assembly on page 12* and *Maintenance on page 19* for instructions.



Battery safety



WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you use the product.

- Only use the Husqvarna BLi batteries that we recommend for your product. The batteries are software encrypted.
- Use the Husqvarna BLi batteries that are rechargable as a power supply for the related Husqvarna products only. To prevent injury, do not use the battery as a power supply for other devices.
- Risk of electrical shock. Do not connect the battery terminals to keys, screws or other metal. This can cause a short circuit of the battery.
- Do not use batteries that are non-rechargable.
- · Do not put objects into the air slots of the battery.
- Keep the battery away from sunlight, heat or open flame. The battery can blow up and cause burns and/or chemical burns.
- Keep the battery away from rain and wet conditions.
- Keep the battery away from microwaves and high pressure.
- · Do not try to disassemble or break the battery.
- Do not let battery acid touch your skin. Battery acid causes injuries to the skin, corrosion and burns. If

you get battery acid in your eyes, do not rub but flush with water for minimum 15 minutes. If battery acid has touched your skin, you must clean the skin with a large quantity of water and soap. Get medical aid.

- Use the battery in temperatures between -10 °C (14 °F) and 40 °C (104 °F).
- Do not clean the battery or the battery charger with water. See *Maintenance on page 19.*
- · Do not use a defective or damaged battery.
- Keep batteries in storage away from metal objects such as nails, screws or jewelry.
- · Keep the battery away from children.

Battery charger safety



WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you use the product.

- Risk of electrical shock or short circuit if the safety instructions are not obeyed.
- Use an approved grounded mains socket that is not damaged.
- Do not use other battery chargers than the one supplied for your product. Only use Husqvarna QC chargers when you charge Husqvarna replacement batteries BLi.
- · Do not try to disassemble the battery charger.
- Do not use a defective or damaged battery charger.
- Do not lift the battery charger by the power cord. To disconnect the battery charger from a mains socket, pull out the plug. Do not pull the power cord.
- Keep all cables and extension leads away from water, oil and sharp edges. Make sure that the cable is not caught between doors, fences or similar.
- Do not use the battery charger near flammable materials or materials that can cause corrosion. Make sure that the battery charger is not covered. Pull out the plug to the battery charger if there is smoke or fire.
- Only charge the battery indoors in a location with good airflow and away from sunlight. Do not charge the battery outdoors. Do not charge the battery in wet conditions.
- Only use the battery charger where the temperature is between 5 °C (41 °F) and 40 °C (104 °F). Use the charger in an environment which has a good airflow, dry and free from dust.
- Do not put objects into the cooling slots of the battery charger.
- Do not connect the battery charger terminals to metal objects as this can short circuit the battery charger.
- · Use approved wall sockets that are not damaged.

Safety instructions for maintenance



WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you do maintenance on the product.

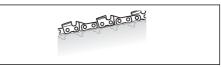
- Remove the battery before you do maintenance, other checks or assemble the product.
- The operator must only do the maintenance and servicing shown in this operator's manual. Turn to your servicing dealer for maintenance and servicing of a larger extension.
- Do not clean the battery or the battery charger with water. Strong detergent can cause damage to the plastic.
- If you do not do maintenance, it decreases the life cycle of the product and increases the risk of accidents.
- Special training is necessary for all servicing and repair work, especially for the safety devices on the product. If not all checks in this operator's manual are approved after you have done maintenance, turn to your servicing dealer. We guarantee that there are professional repairs and servicing available for your product.
- Only use original spare parts.

Safety instructions for the cutting equipment



WARNING: Read the warning instructions that follow before you use the product.

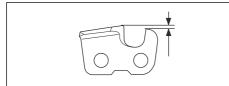
 Use the correct combination of guide bar and saw chain to decrease the risk of kickback! Only use the bar/saw chain combinations we recommend and use the correct filing equipment. See *Maintenance on page 19* for instructions.



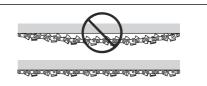
- Use protective gloves when you handle the saw chain. A saw chain that does not move can also cause injuries to a person that touches the saw chain.
- Keep the cutting teeth correctly sharpened! Follow our instructions and use the recommended file gauge. A damaged saw chain or a saw chain that has been incorrectly sharpened increases the risk of accidents.



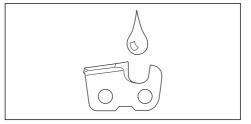
 Keep the correct depth gauge setting! Follow our instructions and use the recommended depth gauge clearance. Too large a clearance increases the risk of kickback.



 Make sure that the saw chain has the correct tension! If the saw chain is not tight against the guide bar, the risk for it to come loose increases. This leads to increased wear on the guide bar, saw chain and drive sprocket.



Do maintenance on the cutting equipment regularly and keep it correctly lubricated. The risk of wear on the guide bar, saw chain and drive sprocket increases if the saw chain is not correctly lubricated.



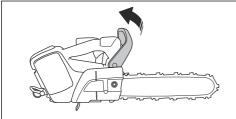
Assembly

To assemble the guide bar and saw chain

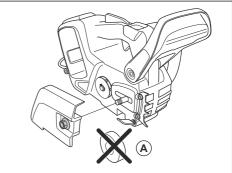


WARNING: Always remove the battery before you assemble or do maintenance on the product.

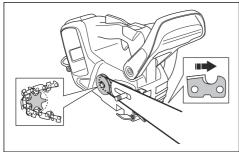
1. Disengage the chain brake.



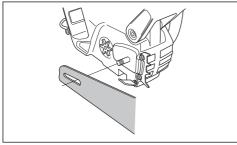
2. Remove the bar nut, the drive sprocket cover and the transportation ring (A).



 Put the guide bar on top of the bar bolt. Steer the guide bar to its most rear position. Lift the saw chain above the drive sprocket and engage it in the groove on the guide bar. Start on the top edge of the guide bar.



- 4. Make sure that the edges of the cutting links are turned forward on the top edge of the guide bar.
- 5. Assemble the drive sprocket cover and steer the chain adjuster pin to the hole in the guide bar.



- Make sure that the drive links of the saw chain fit correctly on the drive sprocket.
- 7. Make sure that the saw chain is correctly engaged in the groove in the guide bar.
- 8. Tighten the bar nut finger-tight.
- 9. Tighten the saw chain. See *To tighten the saw chain on page 23* for instructions.

To assemble a spiked bumper

To assemble a spiked bumper, turn to your servicing dealer.

Operation

Introduction

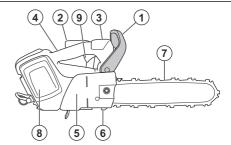


WARNING: Read and understand the safety chapter before you use the product.

To do a function check before you use the product

- 1. Do a check of the chain brake to make sure that it operates correctly and that it is not damaged.
- 2. Do a check of the power trigger lockout to make sure that it operates correctly and that it is not damaged.
- 3. Do a check of the keypad to make sure that it operates correctly.
- 4. Make sure that there is no oil on the handles.
- 5. Do a check to make sure that all parts are correctly attached and not damaged or missing.
- 6. Do a check of the chain catcher to make sure that it is attached correctly.

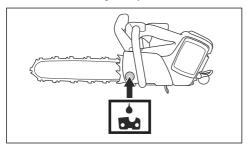
- 7. Do a check of the chain tension.
- 8. Charge the battery and make sure that it is correctly attached to the product.
- 9. Make sure that the saw chain stops when you release the power trigger.



Chain oil

All Husqvarna chainsaws have an automatic chain lubrication system. On some models the oil flow is also adjustable.

Think about the following when you select a chain oil:



- The oil tank lasts approximately three battery charges. This applies only if you use the correct chain oil. If the chain oil is too thin, it will not last that long.
- Chain oil must show good adherence to the saw chain and also keep its flow quality during warm summer and cold winter weather.
- Use an oil of the right grade (suitable viscosity range) to agree with the air temperature. In temperatures below 0°C (32°F) some oils become too thick. This can cause the oil pump to overload and result in damage to the oil pump components.
- Use the recommended cutting equipment. A guide bar that is too long will use more chain oil.
- Turn to your servicing dealer when you select a chain oil.



WARNING: Do not use waste oil! Waste oil is dangerous to you and the environment. Waste oil also causes damage to the oil pump, the guide bar and the saw chain.



WARNING: If the lubrication of the cutting equipment is not sufficient, it can cause the saw chain to break. This can cause serious injury or death to the operator.

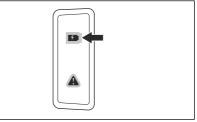


CAUTION: If you use vegetable based chain oil, clean the groove in the guide bar and saw chain before long-term storage. Otherwise there is a risk of the saw chain oxidizing, which causes the saw chain to become stiff and that the bar tip sprocket gets clogged.

To connect the battery charger

1. Connect the battery charger to the voltage and frequency specified on the rating plate.

2. Put the plug in a grounded socket outlet. The LED on the battery charger flashes green one time.

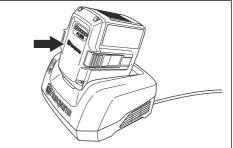


Note: The battery will not charge if the battery temperature is more than 50 $^{\circ}$ C/122 $^{\circ}$ F. If the temperature is more than 50 $^{\circ}$ C/122 $^{\circ}$ F, the battery charger will cool down the battery.

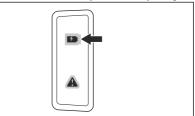
To connect the battery to the battery charger

Note: Charge the battery if it is the first time that you use it. A new battery is only 30% charged.

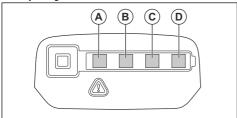
- 1. Make sure that the battery is dry.
- 2. Put the battery in the battery charger.



 Make sure that the green charging light on the battery charger comes on. That means that the battery is connected correctly to the battery charger.



4. When all LEDs on the battery come on, the battery is fully charged.

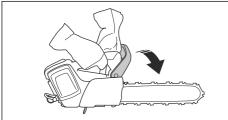


- 5. To disconnect the battery charger from the mains socket, pull the plug. Do not pull the cable.
- 6. Remove the battery from the battery charger.

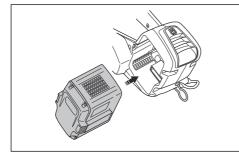
Note: Refer to the battery and battery charger manuals for more information.

To start the product

- 1. Do a check of the power trigger and power trigger lockout. See *To do a check of the power trigger lockout on page 19.*
- 2. Push the front hand guard forward to engage the chain brake.



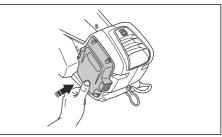
3. Put the battery in the battery holder.



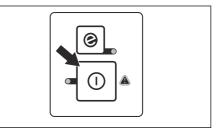
4. Press on the lower part of the battery until you hear a click sound.



CAUTION: If the battery does not move into the battery holder easily, it is not attached correctly into the battery holder.



5. Press and hold the start button until the green LED light comes on.





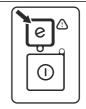
WARNING: If you start the product in the tree, engage the chain brake before you lower the product onto its strop.

To use the SavE function

This product has a power saving function, SavE. The SavE function decreases the chain speed and gives the longest operation time from the battery.

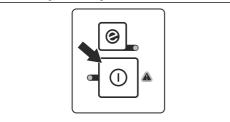
Note: The SavE function does not decrease the cutting power of the product.

- 1. Press the SavE button on the keypad.
- 2. Make sure that the green LED comes on.
- 3. Press the SavE button again to disconnect the function. The green LED goes out.

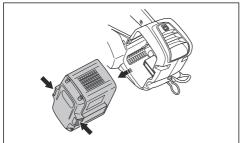


To stop the product

1. Press and hold the start/stop button on the keypad until the green LED light comes off.



 Pull out the battery and press the battery release buttons to remove the battery from the battery holder.





WARNING: Remove the battery when you do not use or when you do not have full vision of the product. This is to prevent accidental start.

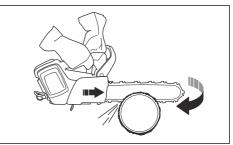
General information about working technique

Below we give you some general information about how to use this product.

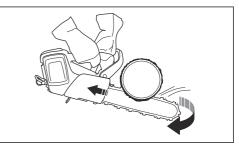


WARNING: The information related to working technique in this operator's manual is not considered correct training to operate this tree-service product. This product must be used by tree-service operators with special training only! Use without the correct training can result in serious injuries. Do not try any task that you do not feel sure of!

 To cut on the pull stroke is when you cut with the bottom of the guide bar. The saw chain pulls through the tree when you cut. In this position you have better control of the product and the position of the kickback zone.

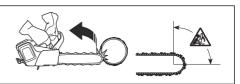


 To cut on the push stroke is when you cut with the top of the guide bar. The saw chain pushes the product in the direction of the operator.





WARNING: Be careful when you cut on the push stroke. If the saw chain gets trapped in the trunk, the product can be pushed at you. You must prevent this force or there is a risk that the kickback zone of the guide bar touches the tree. This will lead to a kickback.



- Use full power when you cut.
- · Let go of the power trigger after each cut.



CAUTION: Motor damage can occur if you run the motor for too long at full power and without load. One example is if you cut without resistance from the saw chain.

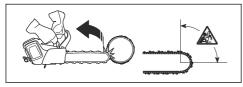
What is kickback?



WARNING: If a kickback occurs when the saw chain rotates, it can cause serious injuries or death to the operator. It is vital

that you understand the causes of kickback and that you can prevent them with correct working technique. If you are prepared you decrease the risk.

A kickback occur when the kickback zone touches an object with a rotating saw chain. A kickback can occur suddenly and with large force, which throws the product, guide bar and saw chain against the operator. Do not let the kickback zone touch an object.



Kickback always occurs in the cutting plane of the guide bar. Usually, the product, guide bar and saw chain are thrown against the operator but can also move in a different direction. It is how you use the product when the kickback occurs that causes the direction of movement.



The smaller the bar tip radius the lower the risk of kickback.

A saw chain is made up of a number of links, which are available as standard and low kickback. You can decrease the effects of kickback by using the correct cutting equipment with kickback reduction.



WARNING: No saw chain fully prevents the dangerous situations that can occur during a kickback.

Common questions about kickback

 Will the hand always engage the chain brake during a kickback?

No. It is necessary to use some force to push the front hand guard forward. If you do not use the force necessary, the chain brake may not be engaged. This can occur if your hand only lightly touches the

front hand guard. You must also hold the handles of the product stable with two hands during work. If a kickback occurs, your hand may not let go of the front handle. Then it will not engage the chain brake, or the chain brake will only engage after the product has moved around a large distance. If this situation occurs, the chain brake may not stop the saw chain before it touches you. There are also some positions in which your hand can not touch the front hand guard to engage the chain brake. An example of this is in the felling position.

Will the inertia release mechanism always engage the chain brake during kickback?

No. First, the chain brake must work correctly. See *Maintenance and checks of the safety devices on the product on page 19* for instructions about how to do a check of the chain brake. We recommend you to do this each time before you use the product. Second, the kickback must be intense to engage the chain brake. If the chain brake is too sensitive it will be engaged all the time.

Will the chain brake always protect me from injury during a kickback?

No. The chain brake must work correctly in order to give the correct protection. The chain brake must also be engaged during a kickback to stop the saw chain. If you are near the guide bar, the chain brake may not have time to stop the saw chain before it hits you.



WARNING: Only you and the correct working technique can prevent kickbacks.

To prepare the product for operation in the tree

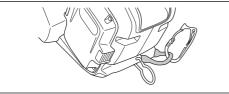
- 1. The ground worker must do a check of, fuel, start and warm up the product.
- 2. Engage the chain brake.
- Secure the product during tree maintenance work above ground level. Fit the product with a suitable strop as an attachment to the operator's harness.
 - a) Attach one end of the strop around the rope eyelet.



Note: If the operator loses control of the product, the strop will prevent the product from falling to the ground. Attach the belt eyelet to the hook on

the operator's harness as a primary safety procedure. If you use the strop as a primary safety procedure, lower the product fully down the safety rope. Do not let go of the product from height.

 b) Supply approved carabiners for correct fastening of the product to the operator's harness through the strop and the rope eyelet.





CAUTION: Use the safety rope with the rope eyelet and not the belt evelet.

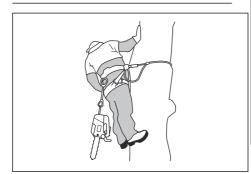
 Lift the product to the operator in the tree. Attach the other end of the strop to the operator's harness.



WARNING: Make sure that the product is safely attached when you lift it to the operator in the tree.

- Attach the product to the harness before you disconnect it. This is done by the operator in the tree.
- 4. Only attach the product to one of the four recommended fastening points on the harness.

Note: Attach the product to the rear fastening point on the harness. It will keep the product clear from climbing lines and make sure that the weight has central support down your spine.





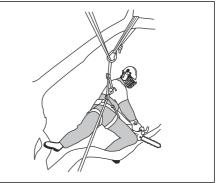
WARNING: Make sure that the product is safely attached in a new position before you release it from the first fastening point.

To use the product in the tree



WARNING: Most accidents occur if the operator does not have full control of the product or the work position. Read and understand the safety instructions before you use this product.

- Keep a safe work position when you cut horizontal sections at hip level and vertical sections at solar plexus level. This lets you to hold the product with both hands and must be considered as a general rule.
- Make sure to be stable on your feet when you operate with vertical branches with a low lateral force. Steer the safety line through a different anchor point to remove or prevent increasing lateral forces. You can also use an adjustable strop directly from the harness to a different anchor point.



Use a foot loop to keep a safe work position.



Do a check of the harness, belt and ropes at a regular interval.

To free a trapped product

- 1. Stop the product.
- 2. Attach the product safely to the cut directed against the tree or to at separate tool line.

3. Lift the branch and remove the product from the cut at the same time. Use a lever to open up the cut.



WARNING: Do not try to pull the product free. Risk of serious injury.

4. Use a handsaw or a second chainsaw to release the product if necessary. Cut the branch at a minimum of 30 cm/12 in from the trapped product. Make the cut outside from where the product is trapped.

Maintenance

Introduction



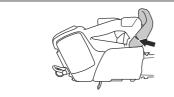
WARNING: Before you do maintenance, you must read and understand the safety chapter.

Maintenance and checks of the safety devices on the product

To do a check of the front hand guard

Regularly do a check of the front hand guard.

1. Make sure that the front hand guard is not damaged and that there are no defects, such as cracks.



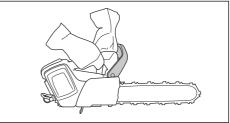
2. Make sure that the front hand guard moves freely and that it is attached safely to the product.



To do a check of the brake trigger

1. Start the product and make sure that the saw chain does not touch the ground or an object. See *To start the product on page 15* for instructions.

2. Hold the product tight. Put your hands around the handles.



- 3. Apply full power and tilt your left wrist forward to engage the chain brake.
- 4. Make sure that the saw chain stops directly.





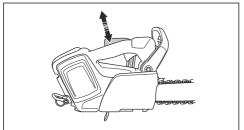
WARNING: Do not let go of the front handle!

To do a check of the power trigger lockout

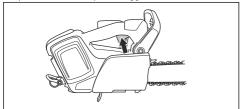
 Make sure that the power trigger and power trigger lockout move freely and that the return spring works correctly.



 Press down the power trigger lockout and make sure that it goes back to its initial position when you release it.



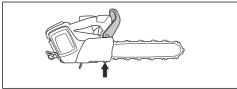
3. Make sure that the power trigger is locked at the idle position when the power trigger lockout is released.



- 4. Start the product and apply full power.
- 5. Release the power trigger and make sure that the saw chain stops and stays stationary. If the saw chain rotates when the power trigger is in the idle position, turn to your servicing dealer.

To do a check of the chain catcher

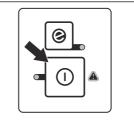
- 1. Make sure that there is no damage on the chain catcher.
- 2. Make sure that the chain catcher is stable and attached to the body of the product.



To do a check of the keypad

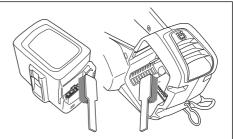
- 1. Start the product. See *To start the product on page* 15
- 2. Press the start/stop button again.

3. Make sure that the product stops when you press and hold the button. The green LED will go off.



To do a check of the battery and the battery compartment

- 1. Clean the battery and the battery compartment with a soft brush.
- 2. Make sure that the cooling slots and battery connectors are clean.



3. Make sure that the battery is not damaged and there are no other defects, such as cracks.



To do a check of the battery charger

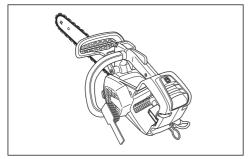
 Make sure that the battery charger and the power supply cord is not damaged. Look for cracks and other defects.



To clean the cooling system

The product has a cooling system that keeps the temperature of the product as low as possible.

The cooling system includes an air intake on the left side of the product and a fan on the motor.



- 1. Clean the cooling system with a brush weekly or more frequently if necessary.
- 2. Make sure that the cooling system is not dirty or blocked.

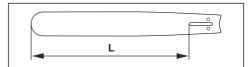


CAUTION: A dirty or blocked cooling system can cause the product to become too hot. This causes damage to the piston and cylinder.

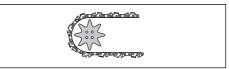
To sharpen the saw chain

Information about the guide bar and saw chain

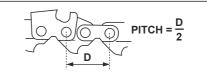
Replace a worn or damaged guide bar or saw chain with the guide bar and saw chain combinations recommended by Husqvarna. This is important in order to keep the safety functions of the cutting equipment. See *Accessories on page 29*, for a list of replacement bar and chain combinations that we recommend. Length, in/cm.



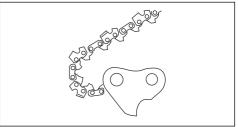
Number of teeth on bar tip sprocket (T).



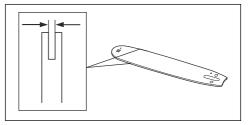
 Chain pitch, in. The distance between the drive links of the saw chain must align with the distance of the teeth on the bar tip sprocket and drive sprocket.



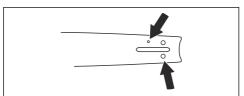
 Number of drive links. The number of drive links is decided by the length of the bar, the chain pitch and the number of teeth on the bar tip sprocket.



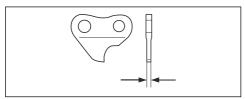
Bar groove width, in/mm. The groove in the guide bar must align with the width of the chain drive links.



• Chain oil hole and hole for chain tensioner. The guide bar must align with product.



Drive link width, mm/in.

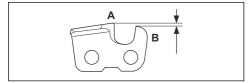


General information about how to sharpen the cutting teeth

Do not use a blunt saw chain. If the saw chain is blunt, you must apply more pressure to push the guide bar through the wood. If the saw chain is very blunt, there will be no wood chips but sawdust.

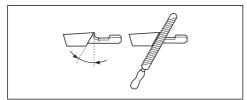
A sharp saw chain eats through the wood and the wood chips becomes long and thick.

The cutting tooth (A) and the depth gauge (B) together makes the cutting part of the saw chain, the cutter. The difference in height between the two gives the cutting depth (depth gauge setting).

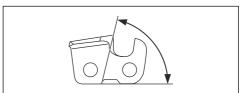


When you sharpen a cutting tooth, think about the following:

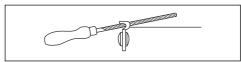
Filing angle.



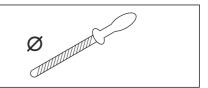
Cutting angle.



File position.



Round file diameter.



It is not easy to sharpen a saw chain correctly without the correct equipment. We recommend that you use Husqvarna file gauge. This will help you to keep maximum cutting performance and the kickback risk at a minimum.

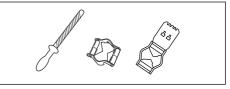


WARNING: The risk of kickback increases a lot if you do not follow the sharpening instructions.

Note: See *Filing equipment and filing angles on page* 29 for information about sharpening of the saw chain.

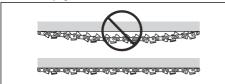
To sharpen the cutting teeth

1. Use a round file and a file gauge to sharpen the cutting teeth.

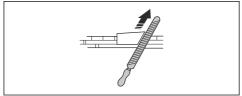


Note: See *Filing equipment and filing angles on page* 29 for information about which file and gauge that Husqvarna recommends for your saw chain.

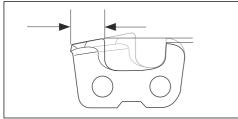
 Make sure that the saw chain has the correct tension. A saw chain without the correct tension moves from side to side. This does not make it easy to sharpen the saw chain. See *To tighten the saw chain on page 23* for instructions.



3. Move the file from the inner side of the cutting teeth and out. Decrease the pressure on the pull stroke.

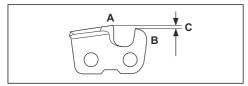


- 4. Remove filing material on all teeth on one side first.
- 5. Turn the product around and remove filing material on the other side.
- 6. Make sure that the all cutting teeth become the same length when you remove filing material.
- 7. The saw chain is worn out when the cutting teeth is decreased to 4 mm (0.16"). Replace the saw chain.



General information about how to adjust the depth gauge setting

The depth gauge setting (C) decreases when you sharpen the cutting tooth (A). To keep maximum cutting performance you must remove filing material from the depth gauge (B) to receive the recommended depth gauge setting. See *Filing equipment and filing angles on page 29* for instructions about how to receive the correct depth gauge setting for your saw chain.





WARNING: The risk of kickback increases if the depth gauge setting is too large!

To adjust the depth gauge setting

Before you adjust the depth gauge setting or sharpen the cutting teeth, See *To sharpen the cutting teeth on page 22*, for instructions. We recommend you to adjust the depth gauge setting after each third operation that you sharpen the cutting teeth.

Note: This recommendation applies only if the length of the cutting teeth does not decrease too much.

We recommend that you use our depth gauge tool to receive the correct depth gauge setting and bevel for the depth gauge.



- Use a flat file and a depth gauge tool to adjust the depth gauge setting. Only use Husqvarna depth gauge tool to receive the correct depth gauge setting and bevel for the depth gauge.
- 2. Put the depth gauge tool on the saw chain.

Note: See the package of the depth gauge tool for more information about how to use the tool.

3. Use the flat file to remove the part of the depth gauge that extends through the depth gauge tool.



Note: The depth gauge setting is correct when you do not feel resistance as you move the file along the depth gauge tool.

To tighten the saw chain



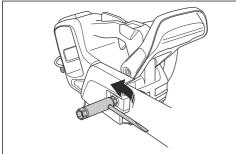
WARNING: A saw chain without the correct tension can come loose from the guide bar and cause serious injury or death.

The more you use a saw chain the longer it becomes. It is important to adjust the saw chain regularly.

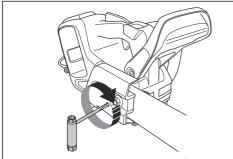
Do a check of the saw chain tension each time you refill with chain oil.

Note: A new saw chain has a running-in period during which you must do a check of the tension more frequently.

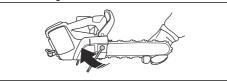
1. Loosen the bar nut(s) that hold the drive sprocket cover and chain brake. Use a wrench.



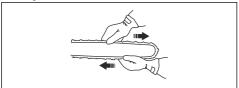
- 2. Lift the front of the guide bar and turn the chain tensioning screw. Use a wrench.
- 3. Tighten the saw chain as much as possible. It must be tight against the guide bar.



4. Tighten the bar nut(s) using the wrench and lift the front of the guide bar at the same time.



Make sure you can pull the saw chain around freely by hand and that it does not hang from the bottom of the guide bar.



6. Do a check of the chain tension frequently until the saw chain is run-in.

7. Do a check of the chain tension regularly to keep good cutting performance and a long life.

Note: The position of the chain tensioning screw is not the same on all models. See *Product overview on page* 2 to find out where it is on your product.

To do a check of the saw chain lubrication

Do a check of the saw chain lubrication each third battery charge.

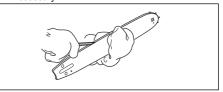
- Start the product and let it run at 3/4 power. Hold the bar approximately 20 cm (8 inches) above a light coloured surface.
- 2. If the saw chain lubrication is correct, you will see a clear line of oil on the surface after 1 minute.



- 3. If the saw chain lubrication is not correct, do the following checks.
 - a) Do a check of the oil channel in the guide bar to make sure that it is not blocked. Clean if necessary.



b) Do a check of the groove in the edge of the guide bar to make sure that it is clean. Clean if necessary.



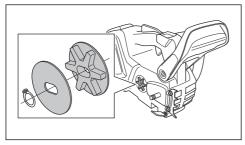
c) Make sure that the bar tip sprocket turns freely and that the lubricating hole in the guide bar tip sprocket is not blocked. Clean and lubricate if necessary.



 If the saw chain lubrication does not work after following the steps above, speak to your servicing dealer.

To do a check of the chain drive sprocket

The drive system has a drive sprocket.



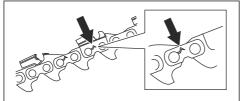
Do the following maintenance on the chain drive sprocket:

- Regularly do a check of the degree of wear on the drive sprocket. Replace the chain drive sprocket if there is too much wear.
- Replace the drive sprocket when you replace the saw chain.

To examine the cutting equipment for wear

Do a check of the saw chain daily.

1. Make sure that there are no cracks in rivets and links. Replace if necessary.



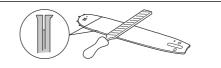
2. Examine if the saw chain is rigid. Replace if necessary.

 Compare the saw chain with a new saw chain to examine if the rivets and links are worn. Replace the saw chain when the length of the cutting teeth has worn down to 4 mm/ 0.16 in.

To do a check of the guide bar

Do a check of the guide bar regularly.

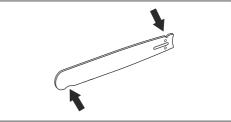
1. Examine if there are burrs on the edges of the guide bar. Remove burrs with a file if necessary.



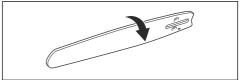
2. Examine the groove in the guide bar for wear. Replace the guide bar if necessary.



 Examine if the guide bar tip is rough or very worn. Hollow shapes on the guide bar tip is a result of bad saw chain tension.



4. Turn the guide bar daily to extend its life cycle.



Maintenance schedule



WARNING: Remove the battery before you do maintenance.

The following is a list of the maintenance steps that you must do on the product. See *Maintenance on page 19* for more information.

Maintenance	Before use	Weekly	Monthly
Clean the external parts of the product.	х		
Make sure that the power trigger and the power trigger lockout function correctly from a safety point of view.	х		
Clean the chain brake and make sure that it operates safely. Make sure that the chain catcher is not damaged. Replace it if necessary.	х		
Turn the guide bar for more equal wear. Make sure that the lubrication hole in the guide bar is not clogged. Clean the bar groove.	х		
Make sure that the cutter and cutter guard have no cracks and that they are not damaged. Replace the cutter or cutter guard if they have cracks or if they have been exposed to impact.	х		
Make sure that the guide bar and saw chain have sufficient oil.	х		
Do a check of the saw chain. Look for cracks and make sure that the saw chain is not rigid or unusually worn. Replace if necessary.	х		
Sharpen the saw chain. Do a check of its tension and condition. Do a check for wear on the drive sprocket and replace is necessary.	х		
Clean the air inlet on the product.	х		
Make sure that the screws and nuts are tight.	х		
Make sure that the keypad works correctly and that it is not damaged.	х		
Use a file to remove burrs from the edges of the guide bar.		x	
Do a check of the connections between the battery and the product. Do a check of the connection between the battery and the battery charger.			x
Empty and clean the oil tank.			х
Blow through the product and battery cooling slots gently with compressed air.			х

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting schedule

Table 1: Keypad

Possible fault codes on the keypad of the product.

LED display	Possible faults	Possible action
Warning indicator flashing.	Chain brake engaged.	Pull back the front hand guard to re- lease the chain brake.
	Temperature deviation.	Allow the product to cool down.
	Overload. Cutting attachment jam- med.	The cutting attachment is jammed. Release the cutting attachment.
	The power trigger and the activate button are pressed at the same time.	Release the power trigger and the product is active.
Green activate LED flashing.	Low battery voltage.	Charge the battery.
Warning indicator lit.	Service.	Turn to your servicing dealer.

Table 2: Battery

Troubleshooting the battery and/or the battery charger during charging.

LED display	Possible faults	Possible action
Warning indicator flashing.	The battery is discharged.	Charge the battery.
	Temperature deviation.	Use the battery in surroundings where tempereatures are between -10 °C/14°F and 40°C/104°F.
	Over voltage.	Check that the mains voltage corre- sponds with that stated on the rating plate on the product.
		Remove the battery from the battery charger.
Warning indicator lit.	Cell difference is too much (1V).	Turn to your servicing dealer.

Table 3: Battery charger

LED display	Possible faults	Possible action
Warning indicator flashing.	Temperature deviation.	Use the battery in surroundings where temperatures are between 5°C/41°F and 40°C/104°F.
Warning indicator lit.		Turn to your servicing dealer.

Transportation, storage and disposal

Transportation and storage

• The supplied Li-ion batteries obey the Dangerous Goods Legislation requirements.

- Speak to a person with special training in dangerous material before you send the product. Obey all applicable national regulations.
- Use tape on open contacts when you put the battery in a package. Put the battery in the package tightly to prevent movement.
- Remove the battery for storage or transportation.
- Put the battery and the battery charger in a space that is dry and free from moisture and frost.
- Do not keep the battery in an area where static electricity can occur. Do not keep the battery in a metal box.
- Put the battery in storage where the temperature is between 5 °C (41 °F) and 25 °C (77 °F) and away from open sunlight.
- Put the battery charger in storage where the temperature is between 5 °C (41 °F) and 45 °C (113 °F) and away from open sunlight.
- Charge the battery 30% to 50% before you put it in storage for long periods.
- Put the battery charger in storage in a space that is closed and dry.
- Keep the battery away from the battery charger during storage. Do not let children and other not

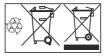
approved persons to touch the equipment. Keep the equipment in a space that you can lock.

- Clean the product and do a full servicing before you put the product in storage for a long time.
- Use the transportation guard on the product to prevent injuries or damage on the product during transportation and storage.
- Attach the product safely during transportation.

Disposal of the battery, battery charger and product

The symbol below means that the product is not domestic waste. Recycle it at a recycling station for electrical and electronic equipment. This helps to prevent damage to the environment and to persons.

Speak to local authorities, domestic waste service or your dealer for more information.



Note: The symbol shows on the product or package of the product.

Technical data

Technical data

	T536LiXP
Motor	
Туре	BLDC (brushless) 36V
Features	
Low energy mode	savE
Lubrication system	
Type of oil pump	Automatic
Oil tank capacity, liter/cm ²	0,20/200
Weight	
Chainsaw without battery, guide bar, saw chain and empty chain oil tank, kg	2,4
Noise emissions 1	
Sound power level, measured dB(A)	104
Sound power level, guaranteed L _{WA} dB(A)	106

¹ Noise emissions in the environment measured as sound power (L_{WA}) in conformity with EC directive 2000/14/EC.

Sound levels ²	
Equivalent sound pressure level at the operator's ear, dB(A)	93
Vibration levels ³	
Front handle m/s ²	3,3
Rear handle m/s ²	3,7
Equivalent vibration levels ⁴	
Front handle m/s ²	2,0
Rear handle m/s ²	2,4
Saw chain/guide bar	
Recommended bar lengths, inch/cm	10-14/25-35
Usable cutting length, inch/cm	9-13/23-33
Type of drive sprocket/number of teeth	Spur/6
Maximum chain speed / (savE), m/s	20 (15)

Accessories

Guide bar and saw chain combinations

The following cutting attachments are approved for Husqvarna T536LiXP.

Guide bar			Saw chain		
Length, in	Chain pitch, in	Gauge, mm	Max. nose radius	Туре	Length, drive links (no.)
10	3/8	1,1	7T	Husqvarna H38	40
12	-		9Т		45
14	-				52

Filing equipment and filing angles

Using Husqvarna file gauge will give you the correct filing angles. We recommend you to always use a Husqvarna file gauge to restore the sharpness of the saw chain. The part numbers are given in the table below.

If you do not know which saw chain you have on your product, turn to your servicing dealer.

² Equivalent sound pressure level, according to ISO 22868, is calculated as the time-weighted energy total for different sound pressure levels under various working conditions. Typical statistical dispersion for equivalent sound pressure level is a standard deviation of 1 dB (A).

³ Vibration level, according to EN 60745-2-13. Reported data for vibration level has a typical statistical dispersion (standard deviation) of 1 m/s². Declared vibration data from measurements when the machine is fitted with a bar length and recommended chain type. If the machine is fitted with a different bar length, the vibration level may vary by max ± 1.5 m/s².

⁴ Equivalent vibration level is measured and calculated as for combustion engine powered chainsaws. These figures are quoted to be able to compare vibration data regardless of type of engine.

() xx x	ø	63				- Ca	
38	11/64 in/4,5 mm	90°	30°	0°	0.025 in/ 0,65 mm	5056981-03	5795588-01

Approved batteries for the product

Battery	BLi110	BLi150
Туре	Lithium-ion	Lithium-ion
Battery capacity, Ah	3,0	4,2
Nominal voltage, V	36	36
Weight, kg/lb	1,2/2.6	1,3/2.9
Battery runtime, min, with SavE activated (free run).	35	35

Approved battery chargers for the product

Battery charger	QC120	QC330
Mains voltage, V	220-240	100-240
Frequency, Hz	50-60	50-60
Power, W	125	330

EC Declaration of Conformity

EC Declaration of conformity

Husqvarna AB, SE-561 82 Huskvarna, Sweden, tel: +46-36-146500, declares under sole responsibility that the cordless battery chainsaw Husqvarna T536LIXP from 2016's serial numbers and onwards (the year is clearly stated in plain text on the type plate with subsequent serial number), are in conformity with the requirements of the COUNCIL'S DIRECTIVES:

- of May 17, 2006 "relating to machinery" 2006/42/EC.
- of February 26, 2014 "relating to electromagnetic compatibility" 2014/30/EU.
- of May 8, 2000 "relating to the noise emissions in the environment" 2000/14/EC.
- of June 8, 2011 on the "restriction of use of certain hazardous substances" 2011/65/EU

The following standards have been applied: EN 60745-1, EN 60745-2-13, EN ISO 11681-2, EN 60335-2-29, EN 62133, EN 55014, EN 55014-2

Notified body: 0366, VDE-Prüf- und Zertifizierungsinstitut GmbH, Merianstraβe 28, DE-630 69 Offenbach (Am Main), Germany, has carried out EC type examination in accordance with the machinery

directive's (2006/42/EC) article 12, clause 3b. In addition, SMP, Svensk Maskinprovning AB, Box 7035, SE-750 07, Uppsala, Sweden, has certified conformity with annex V of the Council's Directive of May 8, 2000 "relating to the noise emissions in the

environment" 2000/14/EC. The certificates have the numbers: 01/162/001.

The supplied chainsaw conforms to the example that underwent EC type examination.

For information relating to noise emissions, see *Technical data on page 28*.

Huskvarna, 2017-01-10

Lars Roos, Development manager (Authorized representative for Husqvarna AB and responsible for technical documentation.)

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Original instructions



2018-03-01